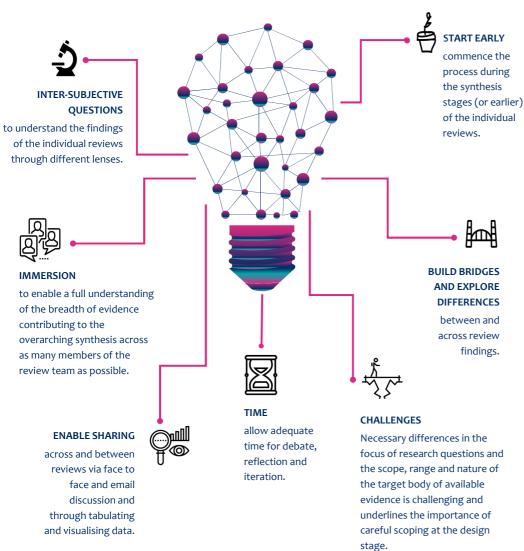
Adapting methods for exploring and identifying patterns and links between and across individual studies to interweave the findings between and across reviews is a valuable addition to mixed-methods synthesis methods

- # Decision makers are increasingly unlikely to be interested in understanding whether something works without considerations of context, accessibility and feasibility.
- # How do we ensure that evidence synthesis products meet their needs?
- # We have been developing methods for the overarching synthesis of quantitative and qualitative evidence the *interweave synthesis approach* over the past 5 years.



CASE STUDY 1: Non-pharmacological interventions for attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) delivered in school settings consists of a series of four linked systematic reviews (two of quantitative evidence and two of qualitative evidence). The project was funded by the NIHR Health Technology Assessment Programme (10/140/02).

We undertook a 5 stage process:

- # Step 1: Collaborative question and answer exercise # Step 2: Identification of contextual elements that might influence the effectiveness of interventions
- # Step 3: Identification of hypotheses about the relationships between possible moderators and effectiveness of interventions (deductive synthesis)
- # Step 4: Discussion of inductive and deductive syntheses
- # Step 5: Validation of findings

CASE STUDY 2: Improving the mental health of children and young people with long term conditions consists of two linked systematic reviews (one of quantitative evidence and one of qualitative evidence). The project was funded by the NIHR Health Technology Assessment Programme (14/157/06).

We undertook a 4 stage process (solely *deductive*):

- # Step 1: Collaborative question and answer exercise
- # Step 2: Grouping of questions and answers into categories
- # Step 3: Description of categories and contribution of findings from each review
- # Step 4: Validation of findings

CASE STUDY 3: Improving experience of care in hospital for people living with dementia consists of three linked systematic reviews (two of qualitative evidence and one of quantitative evidence). The project was funded by the NIHR Health Services & Delivery Programme (16(52)(52))

Conceptual development and shared processes across all three reviews began during the early stages of the project. We undertook a 5 stage process:

- # Step 1: Created a concept map to identify links between the evidence in the three reviews which acted as a foundation for thinking about links between reviews across the core research team.
- # Step 2: Collaborative question and answer exercise using tables working deductively from the Line of Argument from one of the qualitative reviews and inductively from the findings of the other two reviews.
- # Step 3: Table entries grouped according to categories within the Line of Argument

 # Step 4: Description of contribution of findings from
- # Step 4: Description of contribution of findings from each review
- # Step 5: Validation of findings

In all three examples, bringing together the findings from several reviews provided *greater insight and understanding* of the evidence than the separate reviews. We were also able to *highlight clearer implications* for

practice and *gaps for further research*.

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Making sense of diverse research evidence: reflections on the use of the interweave synthesis approach to mixed-methods synthesis

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